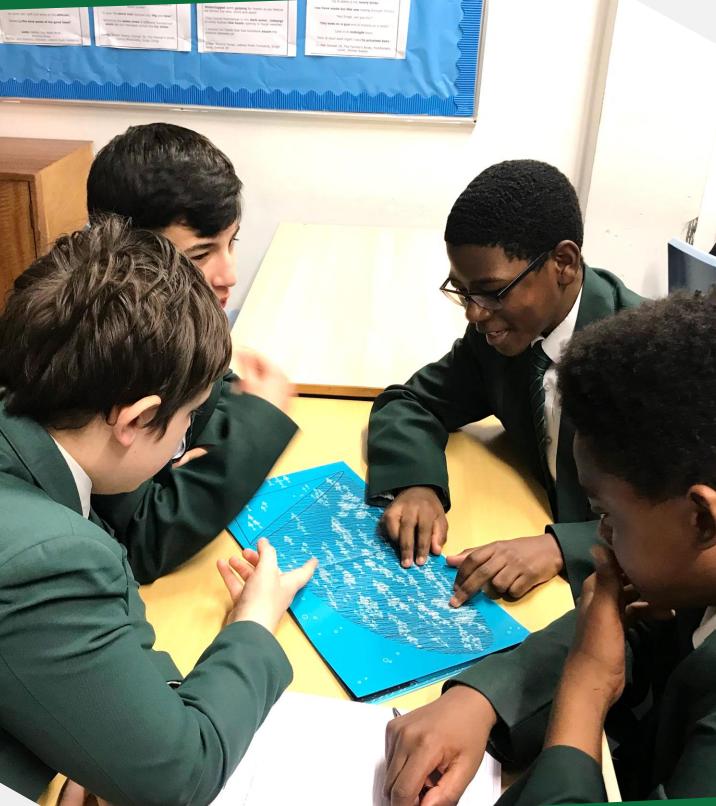
Year 10 Curriculum Booklet





St Aloysius' College 2020/2021

Contents Page



Introduction	1
Art	3
Business Studies	4
Computer Science	5
Design and Technology	6
English	7
Geography	8
History	9
Mathematics	10
Media Studies	11
Modern Foreign Languages (French)	12
Modern Foreign Languages (Spanish)	13
Music	14
P.E. (GCSE)	15
P.E.	16
Psychology	17
Religious Education	18
Science	19
Show My Homework	20
Leaning Apps	23
Go4Schools	24

Introduction



Welcome to our Curriculum Evening. Thank you for attending this important evening.

Tonight, is all about your child and how the St Aloysius' College community can make further impact on your sons' personal, social and educational journey to their GCSE exams and beyond. This evening will accomplish three important aims for you and your son:

- To further develop and build on a positive and supportive relationship between parents, students and staff.
- To support you, the parent with information that will enable you to ensure that your son achieves the academic outcomes that he is capable off.
- To continue to nurture aspiration in your son so that he can make effective decisions when it comes to his education

We are here for you and your son's education and to use this partnership to work closely together to ensure all avenues of success are taken full advantage of between now and the time your son leaves education at St Aloysius College.

This booklet contains information on subject curricula and more information that will be communicated this evening.

Should you require any additional assistance or support at any time, please do not hesitate to contact your son's Head of Year.

S Kisten Assistant Headteacher – Curriculum & Outcomes



Dear Parent/Carer,

During Year 10 your son will gain a deep knowledge of his subjects in preparation for his GCSE exams and assessments next year. This will also be a key year for you son to develop aspirations and gain employability skills through programmes and work experience.

This booklet and evening is designed to raise your awareness of work and events in relation to Year 10. It is important that you are informed so that you are in a position to support your child as they negotiate their time at school and adjust to this transition period.

The evening and booklet will provide an opportunity for us to inform you of key Year 10 information including:

- Curriculum Structure
- Measuring Academic Progress, including Reports
- School & Home Support Strategies
- Target Setting
- Landmark Assessments
- Homework

If there are any topics on which you feel you need more information, please do not hesitate to contact us.

We do hope you enjoy the evening and find this booklet useful.

Thank you for your continued support.

Yours sincerely,

Mr A Halsall

Head of Year 10



Head of Department: Mr D. Doherty



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	Week:	Week:
for Learning	1. Introductory Course to GCSE Art	1. Portfolio of Work: Theme
	2. Research on Artists	individual and group discussions
	3. And 4 – Experimentation	2. Research on Artists
	(traditional and experimental	3. Development of Personal Project
	recording materials)	ideas
	5. Work in an artist's style	4. Work on Personal Project.
	6. Work in artist's style.	5. Work on Personal Project
	7. AfL: Peer and self-assessment.	6. Experimentation with media.
		7. AP1 – Christmas Test

	Spring 1	Spring 2	
Focus/Context	Week:	Week:	
for Learning	1. Portfolio of work: contextual	1. Portfolio of work: Refine Ideas	
	studies	2 and 3 – Select appropriate	
	2 and 3 – Experimentation	resources, media, materials,	
	(traditional and experimental	techniques and processes	
	recording materials)	4- Develop their ideas through	
	1. Development of ideas informed by	investigations informed by	
	contextual and other sources	contextual and other sources	
	2. Test/Afl: Peer and Self-Assessment	5- Test/Afl: Peer and Self-assessment	
	3. Enrichment	6 – Enrichment	

	Summer 1	Summer 2	
Focus/Context	Week:	Week:	
for Learning	 Portfolio of Work: Recording Ideas Proposals – Tutorials Ideas Proposals – Research Development – Record ideas and development Development – Theme discussions Test/Afl: Peer and self-assessment 	 Portfolio work– Tutorials Portfolio work – Research Portfolio work – Experimentation Summer Moderation AP2 – Summer Test Work Experience. 	



Year 10

Head of Department: Mr M. Caceres

You'll start by exploring the world of small businesses through the lens of an entrepreneur. How and why do business ideas come about? What makes a successful business? You'll learn how to develop an idea, spot an opportunity and turn it into a successful business. You will understand how to make a business effective, manage money and see how the world around us affects businesses and all the people involved.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	2.1 Growing the business	2.1 Growing the business
for Learning	2.1.1 Business growth	2.1.3 Business and globalisation
	2.1.2 Changes in business aims and	2.1.4 Ethics, the environment and
	objectives	business
	2.1.3 Business and globalisation	
	2.1.4 Ethics, the environment and	
	business	

Spring 2
ing product decisions
siness operations
orking with suppliers
anaging quality
e sales process
o

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 2.4 Making financial decisions 2.4.1 Business calculations 2.4.2 Understanding business performance 	Exam Practice & Revision Theme 1 & Theme 2
	 2.5 Making people decisions 2.5.1 Organisational structures 2.5.2 Effective recruitment 2.5.3 Effective training and development 	

Computer Science



Year 10

Head of Department: Ms M. Acquah

Computing and computer technology are part of just about everything that touches our lives from the cars we drive, to the movies we watch, to the ways businesses and governments deal with us. Understanding different dimensions of computing is part of the necessary skill set for an educated person in the 21st century. Whether one wants to be a scientist, develop the latest killer application, or just know what it really means when someone says 'the computer made a mistake', studying computing will provide you with valuable knowledge. Computing requires and develops capabilities in solving deep, multidimensional problems requiring imagination and sensitivity to a variety of concerns. Computing:

- Enables you to make a positive difference in the world.
- Computing offers many types of lucrative careers.
- Computing jobs are here to stay, regardless of where you are located.
- Expertise in computing helps even if your primary career is something else.
- Computing offers great opportunities for true creativity and innovativeness.
- Computing has space for both collaborative work and individual effort.
- Computing is an essential part of well-rounded academic preparation.
- Future opportunities in computing are without boundaries.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 A. Algorithms Computational Thinking Searching Algorithms Sorting Algorithms B. Programming techniques (Python) 	 A. Algorithms Pseudocode Flowchart Interpret, correct or complete algorithms B. Programming techniques (Python)

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 A. Programming Programming Concepts Sequence and selection Iteration 	 A. Programming Procedures and functions Records and files Introduction to SQL
	 Arrays B. Python Programming Producing robust programs 	B. Python ProgrammingProducing robust programs
	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context for Learning	A. Logic and languagesLogic diagrams and truth tablesDefensive design	 A. Programming Project B, Exam Styled Programming Challenges

- Errors and testing
 Translators and facilities of C. Past Papers: Exam Styled Questions languages
 B. Python Programming
 - Producing robust programs
 - 5

Design & Technology



Year 10

Head of Department: Mr E. Frazer

The course will focus on producing creative and iterative design work and innovative practical work utilising an increasing use of CAD, workshop tools and equipment and CAM. It will allow students the opportunity to explore and perfect new skills and techniques whilst developing confidence and experience with specialist equipment and materials where possible. Students are required to undertake the iterative design process of exploring, creating and evaluating. The majority of the course will be delivered through theory and practical activities. Retrieval methods and testing for revision will be taught

and encouraged.	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 Specialist Technical Principle Selection of materials Forces and stresses Ecological & social footprint. Sources & origins of materials Stock forms: types & sizes Practical Focus Tasks Assessment: regular test and exam practice questions. 	 Specialist Technical Principles Scales of production Specialist techniques & processes Surface treatments & finishes Mini NEA Project 1 - (TBD) Assessment Objective 1 (AO1) Explore design context Identify needs and wants Identifying & investigating design possibilities. End of term exam
	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 Designing & making principles Research and Investigate Sustainability challenge Design strategies Anthropometrics & Ergonomics. Mini NEA Project Generate design Ideas/proposals Refine and develop Ideas using the iterative design process Final design idea 	 Designing & making principles Prototype development Tolerances Manufacturing processes Mini NEA Project - continued AO2 – Design and make prototype that are fit for purpose Production of prototype Testing and evaluation Assessment: regular test and exam practice questions.
	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 Core technical principles New & emerging technologies Energy generation and storage New and modern materials Mechanical devices Revision for Assessment Point 2 regular test & exam practice questions and mark schemes. End of term exam. 	 AQA - NEA Contextual Challenge Introduce NEA contextual challenge from exam board (AQA). Assessment Objective 1 (Summer holiday) Identifying and investigating design possibilities. Consider a range of design brief Specification Design proposals (rough models and annotated sketches).

6

English



Head of Department: Ms E. Doorly

Voak	4	
rear	ų,	U

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	Language Paper 1 & 2:	Language Paper 1 & 2:
for Learning	 Close reading Analysis, Exploration, Evaluation Creative, Argue, Persuade Writing skills 	 Close reading Analysis, Exploration, Evaluation Creative, Argue, Persuade Writing skills
	EXAMINED: 1. LANGUAGE PAPER 1 & 2 (1 HOUR 45 MIN EACH)	EXAMINED: 1. LANGUAGE PAPER 1 & 2 (1 HOUR 45 MIN EACH)

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet:	Shakespeare's Romeo and Juliet:
for Learning	 Revision of J&H – exam practice Close reading Analysis, Exploration, Evaluation EXAMINED: LITERATURE PAPER 1 (1 HOUR 45MIN) 	 Revision of J&H – exam practice Close reading Analysis, Exploration, Evaluation EXAMINED: LITERATURE PAPER 1 (1 HOUR 45MIN)
	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context	Dennis Kelly's DNA & AQA Poetry Anthology – relationships cluster	Dennis Kelly's DNA & AQA Poetry Anthology – relationships cluster
for Learning	Anthology – relationships cluster	Anthology – relationships cluster

- Unseen poetry approaches
- Close reading
- Analysis, Exploration, Evaluation

EXAMINED:

1. LITERATURE PAPER 2 (2 HOURS 15 MIN)

Unseen poetry approaches

- Close reading
- Analysis, Exploration, Evaluation

EXAMINED:

1. LITERATURE PAPER 2 (2 HOURS 15 MIN)

Geography



Year 10

Head of Department: Ms G. Briody

"If geography itself has any significance it is that we are made to lift our eyes from our small provincial selves to the whole complex and magnificent world."

- Richard Burton (1821-1890) to the Royal Geographical Society.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 UK Physical Landscapes: Coasts Coastal management – hard and soft engineering strategies Case Study – Lyme Regis in Dorset 	 Changing Economic World Reducing the development gap. Some LICs and NEEs experiencing rapid economic development leading to significant social, environmental and cultural change Case Study – Nigeria
	Coving 4	Contine 2
F	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 Changing Economic World Major changes in the economy of the UK Changes to employment patterns and regional growth The north-south divide Improvements made to transport in the UK 	 The Living World Ecosystems (interaction between biotic and abiotic components) Tropical rainforests (causes and effects of deforestation, the need for sustainable management) Animal and plant adaptations Case Study – Amazon Rainforest
	Summer 1	Summor 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 Summer 1 The Living World Hot deserts (opportunities and challenges, causes and effects of desertification) Animal and plant adaptation Case Study – Western Deserts, USA 	Summer 2 UK Physical Landscapes: Rivers • Fluvial Processes • Landforms of erosion and deposition

Graphics





Year 10

Focus/Context for Learning1.Introduction to the year 10 course. 2.1.Artist – influence on graphic design.2.Graphic design – drawing skills. 3.3.Graphic design – painting skills. 4.2.Artist – Influence on graphic designers.3.Graphic designers – selection. 5.3.Drawing skills project.4.Graphic designers – selection. 6.3.Drawing skills project.5.Skill development – photo shop. 7.4.Drawing skills project two.	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
	 Introduction to the year 10 course. Graphic design – drawing skills. Graphic design – painting skills. Graphic designers – selection. Graphic designers – selection. Skill development – photo shop. 	 Artist – influence on graphic design. Artist – Influence on graphic designers. Drawing skills project. Drawing skills project two. Photoshop Project. Photoshop Project – continuation.

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context for Learning	 Contextual studies – graphic designers. Context of studies – graphic designers. Drawing skills – sketchbook. Painting skills – Sketchbook. Photoshop skills – coursework development. Photoshop – experimentation. 	 Portfolio work – contextual Studies. Photoshop skills development. Experimentation – traditional materials. Experimentation – New materials. Development of ideas – project work. Development of ideas – continuation of project work.

		Summer 1		Summer 2
Focus/Context	1.	Design Project – selection.	1.	Final design development.
for Learning	2.	Design project – concept Analysis.	2.	Illustrator work on design.
Ŭ	3.	Design project – contextual	3.	Illustrator work on design.
		studies; artists' and designers.	4.	Transfer of the main/key images.
	4.	Design project – ideas	5.	Transfer of work to sketchbook.
		development.	6.	Final piece design – portfolio. AP2
	5.	Design project – Photoshop work.		– summer test.
	6.	Design project – Photoshop work.		
	7.	Design project – drawing work.		
		Painting.		

History



Year 10

Head of Department: Mrs G. Rimmer

In Year 10, you will complete your study of America 1920-1973.

You will then move on to study Power and the People 1215 – 1980. A thematic study of the changing relationship between monarchy and the people, studying the rise and development of Parliament.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	America 1920-1973 continued	The Civil Rights Movement and the role
for Learning		of Martin Luther King
	The Great Depression and The New Deal	
		John F Kennedy and the New Frontier
	Popular culture in the 1930s.	LB Johnson and the Great Society
	The impact of the Second World War on	The Women's Movement
	the USA	
	The Rock and Roll generation.	
	McCarthyism and the Red Scare.	

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	Power and the People	The American Revolution
for Learning	1) Challenging Royal authority and	
	feudalism:	3) Reform and Reformers
	Magna Carta	The Anti Slavery Campaign
	Simon De Montfort	Voting reform and the Chartists
	The Peasants Revolt	The Great Reform Act 1832
		The Anti Corn Law League
	2) Challenging Royal authority	
	The Pilgrimage of Grace	The Growth of Trade Unionism in the
		19 th century
	The Civil War and the execution of	
	Charles 1	

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context	4) Equality and Rights	Conflict and Tension in Asia
for Learning	The campaign to get Votes for	
Ŭ	Women	1950-1975
	Industrial relations 1926 General	
	Strike	The Korean War
	Minority Rights , the Brixton	
	Riots and the Scarman Report.	A study in depth



Year 10

Head of Department: Ms A. Toprak

Mathematics is a creative and highly interconnected discipline that has been developed over centuries, providing the solution to some of history's most intriguing problems. It is essential to everyday life, critical to science, technology and engineering, and necessary for financial literacy and most forms of employment. A high-quality mathematics education therefore provides a foundation for understanding the world, the ability to reason mathematically, an appreciation of the beauty and power of mathematics, and a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about the subject.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context for Learning	Graphs and sequences Mensuration Calculations Proportion and percentages Equations and formulae	Number Angles Data Transformations
	Assessment: Class test, progress test, MemRi, Hegarty maths, Written and past exam question homework.	Calculations Assessment: Progress test, MemRi, Hegarty maths, Written and past exam question homework. AP1

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	Equations and formulae	Proportion and percentages
for Learning	Data	Transformations
	Number	Graphs and sequences
	Angles	
	Mensuration	Assessment: Progress test, MemRi,
		Hegarty maths, Written and past exam
	Assessment: Class test, progress test,	question homework and
	MemRi, Hegarty maths, Written and	Progress check.
	past exam question homework	

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context	Angles	Calculations
for Learning	Probability	Constructions
	Equations and formulae	
	Number	Assessment: Progress test, MemRi,
	Graphs and sequences	Hegarty maths, Written and past exam
		question homework and
	Assessment: Class test, progress test,	Progress check.
	MemRi, Hegarty maths, Written and	402
	past exam question homework	AP2

Media Studies



Year 10

Head of Department: Ms L. Singleton

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	<u> Component 1A – Magazine covers</u>	<u> Component 2A – Crime Drama</u>
for Learning	Studying the two magazine cover set	Continuing study of the set product
	products – <i>Pride</i> and <i>GQ</i> – in terms of	Luther, Audience and Industries and
	Media Language and Representation,	also the historical example The
	and starting to practise GCSE style	Sweeney. Comparisons between the
	questions	two and exam questions regarding
		contexts
	<u> Component 1B – Videogame</u>	
		Practice exam questions
	terms of Industries and Audience	
	Component 2A – Crime Drama	
	Studying the set product <i>Luther,</i> in	
	terms of Media Language and	
	Representation, Audience and	
	Industries	
	Practice exam questions	
	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	<u>Component 2A – Crime Drama (All</u>	Component 2A – Print Marketing
for Learning	Contexts)	Analysing the set product <i>Quality</i>
	Completing study of Luther and The	Street and This Girl Can adverts,
	Sweeney	focusing on Media Language and
	Component 1B – Radio (Industries	Representation
	and Audience)	
	Analysing the set product <i>The Archers</i>	
	radio show, focusing on Audience and	
	Industries	
	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context	Component 1B – Newspapers	Component 3 – Controlled
	Exploring the set product, The Sun	Assessment
for Learning		
for Learning		Continuation of controlled
for Learning		
for Learning	newspaper, in terms of industries and	Continuation of controlled

MFL: French



Head of Department: Ms C. Mauris-Blanc Year 10

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context for Learning	<u>Module 4: De la ville à la campagne –</u> Local area, holiday and travel	<u>Module 4: De la ville à la campagne –</u> Local area, holiday and travel
	 Talking about where you live, weather and transport Describing a town and asking the way Describe a regions Using the pronoun y Talking a bout your town, village or district Using negatives 	 Discussing what to see and do Asking questions using <i>quel/quelle/quels/quelles</i> Discussing plans and the weather Using the near future Describing community projects Using the present, perfect and future tenses

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	Module 5: Le grand large – Local area,	Module 5: Le grand large – Local area,
for Learning	holiday and travel	holiday and travel
	 Talking about what you normally do on holiday Talking about holidays Talking about an ideal holiday Using the conditional Booking and reviewing hotels Using reflexive verbs in the perfect tense 	 Ordering in a restaurant Using <i>en</i> + present participle Talking about travelling Using <i>avant de</i> + infinitive Buying souvenirs Using demonstrative adjectives and pronouns Talking about holiday disasters

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context	Module 6: Au collège - School	Module 6: Au collège - School
for Learning	 Revising school subjects Talking about your school Using the pronouns <i>il</i> and <i>elle</i> Comparing school in the UK and French-speaking countries Using the pronouns <i>ils</i> and <i>elles</i> Discussing school rules 	 Using <i>il faut</i> and <i>il est interdit de</i> Talking a bout getting the best out of school Using the imperative Talking about a school exchange Using the past, present and future timeframes

MFL: Spanish



Year 10

Head of Department: Ms C. Mauris-Blanc

	-	
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	<u> Módulo 3: Mi gente – Identity and</u>	<u> Módulo 3: Mi gente – Identity and</u>
for Learning	culture• Talking about socialising and family• Describing people• Talking about social networks• Making arrangements• Using the present continuous• Improvising dialogues• Talking about reading references• Using a range of connectives	 <u>culture</u> Using ser and estar Talking about friends and family <u>Módulo 4: Intereses y influencias –</u> <u>Identity and culture</u> Talking about free time activities Talking about TV programmes and films
	Using a range of connectivesDescribing people	 Talking about what you usually do Using <i>suelo</i> + infinitive

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	Módulo 4: Intereses y influencias –	Módulo 6: De costumbre – Identity and
for Learning	Identity and culture	<u>culture</u>
Ŭ	 Talking about sports 	 Describing mealtimes
	 Using the imperfect tense 	 Talking about daily routine
	 Talking about what is tending 	 Talking about illnesses and injuries
	 Using the perfect tense 	 Asking for help at the pharmacy
	 Discussing different types of 	 Talking about typical food
	entertainment	Using the passive
	 Using algunos/ ciertos/ otros/ 	Comparing different festivals
	muchos/ demasiados/ todos	 Describing a special day
	 Talking about who inspires you 	• Using reflexive verbs in the preterite
	 Using a range of past tenses 	Ordering in a restaurant

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context	<u> Módulo 6: De costumbre – Identity</u>	Módulo 1: Desconéctate – Local
for Learning	and culture	area, holiday and travel
	 Using absolute superlatives 	 Talking about holiday preferences
	 Talking about a music festival 	 Saying what you did on holiday
	 Using expressions followed by an 	Using the preterite tense
	infinitive	 Describing where you stayed
		Booking accommodation and dealing
	<u> Módulo 1: Desconéctate – Local area,</u>	with problems
	holiday and travel	Using verbs with usted
	• Talking about holiday and the weather	Giving an account of a holiday in the
	 Saying what you do in the summer 	past
	 Using the present tense 	 Using three tenses together

Music



Year 10

Head of Department: Mr T. Graham

Students will develop their knowledge of all 8 set works

in the Edexcel GCSE Music in detail.

Students will work on both their solo & ensemble performance repertoire.

Students revise their composition skills and then aim to complete a draft 'Free Composition'

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context		
for Learning	SW1: Brandenburg – Level 1 analysis	SW6: Star Wars – Level 1 analysis
Ŭ	SW4: Killer Queen – Level 1 analysis	SW7: Release – Level 1 analysis
	Solo Instrument Study	Solo Instrument Study
	Composition Techniques 1-6 revision	Composition Technique 8:
	Composition Technique 7: Music	Composing with expression:
	structures & forms	articulation & dynamics
	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	Spring 1	Spring 2
	SW2: Sonata No8 – Level 1 analysis	Spring 2 SW5 Defying Gravity – Level 1
Focus/Context for Learning		
	SW2: Sonata No8 – Level 1 analysis	SW5 Defying Gravity – Level 1
	SW2: Sonata No8 – Level 1 analysis SW3: Music for a While – Level 1	SW5 Defying Gravity – Level 1 analysis
	SW2: Sonata No8 – Level 1 analysis SW3: Music for a While – Level 1	SW5 Defying Gravity — Level 1 analysis SW8 Samba em Preludio — Level 1
	SW2: Sonata No8 – Level 1 analysis SW3: Music for a While – Level 1 analysis	SW5 Defying Gravity — Level 1 analysis SW8 Samba em Preludio — Level 1
	SW2: Sonata No8 – Level 1 analysis SW3: Music for a While – Level 1 analysis Ensemble Instrument Study	SW5 Defying Gravity – Level 1 analysis SW8 Samba em Preludio – Level 1 analysis Ensemble Instrument Study 'Free Composition' starting
	SW2: Sonata No8 – Level 1 analysis SW3: Music for a While – Level 1 analysis Ensemble Instrument Study	SW5 Defying Gravity – Level 1 analysis SW8 Samba em Preludio – Level 1 analysis Ensemble Instrument Study

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context for Learning	SW1: Brandenburg – Level 2 detailed analysis SW4: Killer Queen – Level 2 detailed	SW6: Star Wars – Level 2 detailed analysis SW7: Release – Level 2 detailed analysis
	analysis Solo Instrument Study	Solo Instrument Study
	'Free Composition' second draft submission & written intentions for the complete work	Composition Technique 8: Composing with expression: articulation & dynamics

PE (GCSE)



Year 10

Head of Department: Mr S. Henderson

In GCSE PE we follow the OCR syllabus which comprises 40% practical and 60% theory. Pupils will be taught in a variety of practical and theory lessons. Theoretical topics studied include Skeleton, Muscles, Fitness training, drugs in sport, sponsorship and media. In practical lessons pupils are introduced to a variety of activities, improving their skills and tactical awareness.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context for Learning	1.1a The structure and function of the skeletal system	1.1d The cardiovascular and respiratory systems
	1.1b The structure and function of the muscular system	
	1.1c Movement analysis	

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context for Learning	1.1e The effects of exercise and the body systems	2.2 Sport psychology
	2.1c Ethical and socio-cultural issues in physical activity and sport	

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context for Learning	GCSE Coursework Focus – practical and theory	Recap on previous topics covered throughout the year



Year 10

Head of Department: Mr S. Henderson

Physical education is compulsory for all Year 10 students. Emphasis is placed on recreational and sporting activities for personal enjoyment and fitness as well as promoting and developing high levels of skill in particular sports. Students have the opportunity to participate in Badminton, Athletics, Cricket, Tennis, Handball, Basketball, Football, Rugby, and Health Related Fitness.

The core Physical Education programme aims to build upon many of the activities covered in Key Stage 3, in order to develop the depth of understanding which would allow the student to continue to enjoy that activity once they leave school.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	Basketball/Handball: More time is	Badminton: Pupils should be at a stage
for Learning	devoted to pupils developing skills under	to independently use a range of
	the tutelage of their peers. Pupils are	badminton shots to outwit an opponent.
	taught how to design skill based warm	Taking part in whole class tournaments
	ups and how to officiate.	and competition. Games should be pupil
		led throughout the activity.
		Table Tennis: More time is allocated to
		allow pupils to take part in tournaments
		and matches organised in lessons. The
		pupils will also have the opportunity to
		officiate for a large portions of the unit.

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context for Learning	Health Related Fitness: Students have time to design and execute their own fitness activities based on the components and methods learned in previous years. Sport specific fitness lessons are a feature in this unit. Recording and measuring data in lessons to monitor performance is also a feature.	Rugby: The full sided game of 15 a side rugby forms a large part of this unit. 8 player scrums are taught complemented by a full back line. Position specific duties are taught in greater depth.
	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context for Learning	Athletics: Pupils will have a thorough knowledge of the rules which apply to each jump, run and throw. They will be able to measure and officiate within lessons in paired and group activities.	Cricket: Pupils are allowed to play the game in the traditional form with overs etc. where time allows. They are able to learn how to umpire at the bowlers end and behind the stumps. More groups will have access to the hard ball game.

Psychology



Head of Department: Ms K O'Dopodhue

Head	of Department: Ms K. O'l	Donoghue Year 10
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/	4.1 The Brain and Neuropsychology	4.1 The Brain and Neuropsychology
Context	4.1.1 Know the structure and function of the	4.1.4 Understand the impact of neurological damage
for	brain, including:	on cognitions and behaviour, including:
	a. temporal	a. the term 'visual agnosia'
Learning	b. occipital	b. the term 'prosopagnosia'
	c. frontal	c. the symptoms of visual agnosia
	d. parietal lobes	d. the symptoms of prosopagnosia
	e. cerebellum	e. the impact of damage to the pre-frontal cortex
	4.1.2 Understand the lateralisation of function in	Understand the aims, procedures and findings (results
	the hemispheres, including: a. asymmetrical	and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of:
	function b. role of the left hemispheres c. role of	4.2.1 Damasio et al (1994) The Return of Phineas
	the right hemispheres d. role of the corpus callosum e. strengths and weaknesses of	Gage: Clues About the Brain from the Skull of a Famous Patient
	lateralisation as an explanation of sex	4.2.2 Sperry (1968) Hemisphere
	differences between males and females	Disconnection and Unity in Conscious Awareness.
	4.1.3 Know what neurons and synapses are,	4.3.1 Understand how psychology has changed over
	including: a. function of neurotransmitters b.	time, including: the use of content, theories, and
	synaptic functioning c. how neurons and	research drawn from studying the brain to explain
	synapses interact d. understand the role of the	how psychology has changed over time.
	central nervous system.	
	Spring 1	Spring 2
	8	8
Focus/	5.1 Social influence	5.1 Social influence
Focus/	<u>5.1 Social influence</u> 5.1.1 Know the terms.	5.1 Social influence 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind
Context		
Context for	5.1.1 Know the terms.	5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind
Context	5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander	5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures.
Context for	5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention.	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of:
Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority to majority influence. 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An
Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon?
Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973)
Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and
Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973)
Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology.
Context for Learning	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology.
Context for Learning Focus/	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology.
Context for Learning	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. <u>Summer 1</u> 6.1.1 Understand learning theories as an 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology.
Context for Learning Focus/	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. 5.1.1 Understand learning theories as an explanation of criminality, including strengths 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology. 6.1.4 Understand two treatments to rehabilitate and reduce criminal and antisocial behaviour and increase
Context for Learning Focus/ Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. <u>Summer 1</u> 6.1.1 Understand learning theories as an explanation of criminality, including strengths and weaknesses of each theory. 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology. 6.1.4 Understand two treatments to rehabilitate and reduce criminal and antisocial behaviour and increase pro-social behaviour, including strengths and
Context for Learning Focus/ Context	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. Summer 1 6.1.1 Understand learning theories as an explanation of criminality, including strengths and weaknesses of each theory. 6.1.2 Understand biological explanations of 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology. 6.1.4 Understand two treatments to rehabilitate and reduce criminal and antisocial behaviour and increase pro-social behaviour, including strengths and weaknesses of each treatment: a. token economy
Context for Learning Focus/ Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. <u>Summer 1</u> 6.1.1 Understand learning theories as an explanation of criminality, including strengths and weaknesses of each theory. 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology. 6.1.4 Understand two treatments to rehabilitate and reduce criminal and antisocial behaviour and increase pro-social behaviour, including strengths and
Context for Learning Focus/ Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. 5.1.1 Understand learning theories as an explanation of criminality, including strengths and weaknesses of each theory. 6.1.2 Understand biological explanations of criminality, including personality types (Eysenck, 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology. 6.1.4 Understand two treatments to rehabilitate and reduce criminal and antisocial behaviour and increase pro-social behaviour, including strengths and weaknesses of each treatment: a. token economy programmes b. anger-management programmes.
Context for Learning Focus/ Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. 6.1.1 Understand learning theories as an explanation of criminality, including strengths and weaknesses of each theory. 6.1.2 Understand biological explanations of criminality, including personality types (Eysenck, 1964), to include strengths and weaknesses of 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology. 6.1.4 Understand two treatments to rehabilitate and reduce criminal and antisocial behaviour and increase pro-social behaviour, including strengths and weaknesses of each treatment: a. token economy programmes b. anger-management programmes. 6.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures and
Context for Learning Focus/ Context for	 5.1.1 Know the terms. 5.1.2 Understand factors affecting bystander intervention. 5.1.3 Understand conformity to majority influence and factors affecting conformity to majority influence. 5.1.4 Understand obedience to authority and factors affecting obedience to authority figures. 5.1.5 Understand the behaviour of crowds and the individuals within them and the effect of collective behaviour. 6.1.1 Understand learning theories as an explanation of criminality, including strengths and weaknesses of each theory. 6.1.2 Understand biological explanations of criminality, including personality types (Eysenck, 1964), to include strengths and weaknesses of the theory. 	 5.1.6 Understand possible ways to prevent blind obedience to authority figures. 5.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures, and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and weaknesses of: 5.2.1 Piliavin et al (1969) Good Samaritanism: An Underground Phenomenon? 5.2.2 Haney, Banks, and Zimbardo (1973) 5.3 Issues and debates 5.3.1 Understand social and cultural issues in psychology. 6.1.4 Understand two treatments to rehabilitate and reduce criminal and antisocial behaviour and increase pro-social behaviour, including strengths and weaknesses of each treatment: a. token economy programmes b. anger-management programmes. 6.2 Studies Understand the aims, procedures and findings (results and conclusions), strengths and



Head of Department: Ms L. Carter



	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	Catholic Beliefs and teachings	Arguments for the existence of God
for Learning	Students will look at the teachings on the	Students will examine the importance of
	Trinity, how the Trinity is expressed in the	revelation, in particular the revelation of
	Bible and worship. Students will look at what	Jesus. Students will examine and evaluate
	the Bible teaches about creation and	how visions, miracles and religious
	understand how different Christian	experience can be proof that God exists.
	denominations interpret Genesis. Students	
	will examine what it means to be made in the	
	image of God and how this effects their	
	relationship and place within the world.	
	Catholic Practices	
	Students will understand the importance of	
	the Seven Sacraments and the role of grace in	
	their lives. Students will understand the	
	importance of the mass and different	
	Christian denominations' views on liturgical	
	worship. Students will understand the aims of	
	a funeral rite and how they are achieved	
	through the ritualistic practices of a funeral.	
	Students will understand the importance of	
	different types of prayers and different ways	
	of connecting to God through worship.	

Spring 1

Focus/Context for Learning

Catholic Beliefs and teachings

Students will look at what the incarnation is and what it reveals to us about God. Students will understand the events of the Paschal mystery and their significance for the lives of Christians today. Students will examine the role of the Holy Spirit and grace in human salvation. Student will understand the different Christian teachings on the afterlife and the impact that has on Christians today.

Spring 2

Catholic Practices

Students will understand different practices of popular piety practiced within the Church. Students will understand where and why Catholics go on pilgrimage. Students will understand the themes of Catholic Social Teaching and how these values influence the lives of Catholics today. Students will understand what is involved in Catholic mission and different Christian views to evangelisation.

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context	Arguments for the existence of God	Revision for Summer exam
	Students will examine and evaluate how the	Students will partake in lessons that
for Learning	Design and Cosmological argument proves	consolidate the material they have learned
	that God exists. Students will understand the	over the past year; they will be given
	problem of evil and how Catholics respond to	opportunities to develop exam skills and
	the problem of evil in their lives today.	particularly their evaluation skills
		throughout the term.





Head of Department: Ms H. Clarke

Year 10 Combined Science

For Science to be a department of excellence, collaboration, motivation and engagement.

Every child is entitled to a good education and we are committed in ensuring all pupils make greater than expected progress across all Key Stages, by developing scientific enquiry, numeracy and literacy through practical activity and outstanding teaching.

Learning is our priority.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context	<u>Higher</u>	<u>Higher</u>
for Learning	Electricity (Recovery) 1C. Atomic structure and Periodic table 2B. Homeostasis and control	3C. Bonding, structures and the properties of matter
	Foundation Homeostasis (Recovery) Bonding, structures and the properties of matter (Recovery)	Foundation 1B. Digestive system & Enzymes 2P. Atomic structure

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	Higher	Higher
for Learning	4B. Digestive system and enzymes	6C. Chemical changes
	5P. Atomic structure	7B. Lungs, heart, blood and respiration
	Foundation	Foundation
	3C. Chemical changes	5P. Forces
	4B. Lungs, heart, blood and respiration	6C. Energy changes
		7B. Photosynthesis

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context for Learning	Higher 8P. Forces 6C. Energy changes	Higher 10B. Photosynthesis 11P. Electromagnetism
	Foundation 8P. Electromagnetism	Foundation 9C. Quantitative chemistry 10B. Interdependence





Head of Department: Ms H. Clarke

Year 10 Separate Science

For Science to be a department of excellence, collaboration, motivation and engagement.

Every child is entitled to a good education and we are committed in ensuring all pupils make greater than expected progress across all Key Stages, by developing scientific enquiry, numeracy and literacy through practical activity and outstanding teaching.

Learning is our priority.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context for Learning	Homeostasis (Recovery) Bonding, structures and the properties of matter (Recovery)	1B. Digestive system & Enzymes 2P. Atomic structure

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context	3C. Chemical changes (Part 1)	5P. Forces
for Learning	4B. Lungs, heart, blood and respiration	6C. Energy changes

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context	7B. Photosynthesis & plant disease	9C. Quantitative chemistry & Chemical
for Learning	8P. Electromagnetism	changes (Part 2)

Sociology

3.5.2 Social control

Formal and informal methods of social control.

male dominated patriarchal societies.

The work of Heidensohn on female conformity in



Vear 10

Hoad of Donartmont McK O'Donoghuo

Head of	of Department:Ms K. O'D	onoghue Year 10
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/ Context for Learning	 3.4 Education 3.4.1 Roles and functions of education Different views of the role and functions of education. The functionalist perspective of Durkheim on education as the transmission of norms and values and Parsons on achieved status and the operation of schools on meritocratic principles. 3.4.2 The relationship between education and capitalism Different views of the correspondence principle on the relationship between education and capitalism as developed from a Marxist perspective by Bowles and Gintis. 	 3.4.5 Education 3.4.3 Educational achievement Factors affecting educational achievement. The work of Halsey on class-based inequalities and Ball on parental choice and competition between schools. 3.4.4 Processes within schools Processes within schools affecting educational achievement. The work of Ball on teacher expectations and Willis on the creation of counter school cultures.
	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/ Context for Learning	 3.3 Families 3.3.1 Functions of families Differing views of the functions of families. Parsons - functionalist perspective on primary socialisation and the stabilisation of adult personalities. 3.3.2 Family forms How family forms differ in the UK and within a global context. The work of the Rapoports on family diversity. 3.3.3 Conjugal role relationships Different views of conjugal role relationships. The feminist perspective of Oakley on the idea of the conventional family. 	 3.3 Families 3.3.4 Changing relationships within families Changing relationships within families. How relationships within families have changed over time. The theory of the symmetrical family and the principle of stratified diffusion developed from the functionalist perspective of Willmott and Young. 3.3.5 Criticisms of families Different criticisms of families (isolation and unrealistic idealisation, loss of traditional functions, lack of contact with wider kinship networks, the status and role of women within families, marital breakdown, dysfunctional families). The work of Zaretsky on developments in families from a Marxist perspective and Delphy and Leonard's feminist critique of families. 3.3.6 Divorce Changes in the pattern of divorce in Britain since 1945 and the consequences of divorce for family members and structures.
	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/ Context for Learning	3.5.1 The social construction of crime and deviance The social construction of concepts of crime and deviance and explanations of crime and deviance. The work of Merton on the causes of crime from a functionalist perspective and Becker from an interactionist perspective.	 3.5 Crime and Deviance 3.5.3 Criminal and deviant behaviour Factors affecting criminal and deviant behaviour and ways in which criminal and deviant behaviour have generated public debate. The work of Albert Cohen on delinquent subcultures and Carlen on women, crime and poverty. 3.5.4 Data on crime
		5.5.4 Data off the main sources of data on crime

The usefulness of the main sources of data on crime, the collection of official data on crime, patterns and trends in crime figures and the 'dark figure'.

Sport (BTEC)



Head of Department: Mr S. Henderson

Year 10

In Sport BTEC....

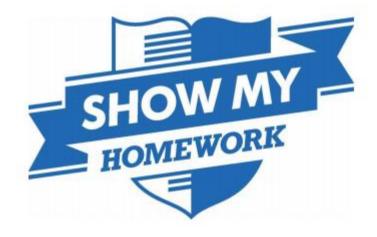
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2
Focus/Context for Learning	Unit 6 - A1, A2, A3- Sports Leaders and their attributes and responsibilities.	Unit 6 - B3 and B4 - Lead a sports activity and measuring success
	Unit 6 - B1 and B2 - Planning a sports activity.	

	Spring 1	Spring 2
Focus/Context for Learning	Unit 6 - B3 and B4 - Lead a sports activity and measuring success	Unit 1 - A1 - Components of Physical Fitness
	Unit 6 - C1 and C2 - Review and targets for development	Unit 1 - A2 - Components of Skill- Related Fitness
		Unit 1 - A3 - Why fitness components are important for successful participation in given sports
		Unit 1 - A4 - Exercise intensity and how it can be determined.

	Summer 1	Summer 2
Focus/Context for Learning	Unit 1 - A5 - The basic principles of training (FITT) Unit 1 - A6 - Additional principles of training	Unit 1 - B2 - Additional requirements for each of the fitness training methods. Unit 1 - B3 - Fitness training methods -
	Unit 1 - B1 - Requirements for each of the different training methods	Flexibility training Unit 1 - B3 - Fitness training methods - Strength, muscular endurance and
	Unit 1 - B3 - Fitness training methods - Speed training	power training Unit 1 - B3 - Fitness training methods - Aerobic Endurance



Show My Homework Parent Guide



We use Show My Homework because...

Show My Homework is a simple homework calendar the school uses to ensure homework is set and communicated with parents across the school. Teachers can use it to set homework quickly and ensure students and parents always have the information they need about homework available via the Web, Mobile and Tablet devices.

We believe that homework is important because good quality homework supports learning in school. It also:

helps to develop independent study skills

encourages students to realise that learning can, should and does occur outside of school

reinforces the partnership between home and school and enables parents to have a stake-holding in their child's learning

significantly extends the learning hours and learning opportunities available to students.

encourages students to see their family, home and community resources as sources of information, ideas & encouragement

Show My Homework



As a school, we will support students by...

making available accommodation such as the school library and ICT rooms on a regular basis, at break and lunchtime

opening and staffing the Library before and after school wherever possible,

providing a daily homework club in the SEN department with assistance if and when required

offering students studying for exams the opportunity to complete homework at school in Study Zone

Students should...

listen to homework instructions in class

visit smhw via the school website

download the apple or android app if they have a smart phone to see their homework

copy down instructions for the task and the deadline date into their journal if this has been requested by the teacher

ensure that homework is complete and handed in to meet the deadline

attempt all work and give their best

inform the class teacher of any difficulties

Class Teachers should...

ensure that homework is set on Show My Homework for all classes

give full and comprehensive instructions

set deadlines for completed work and ensure that they are met.

ensure students are given feedback on their homework in a timely manner

provide help and support where necessary



The role of parents is crucial if a child is to gain success from homework.

To reinforce its value through **positive feedback** will give students the confidence to persevere, work hard and **reach high standards of achievement.** Parents can assist by...

making it clear to their child that they value homework and believe it is important in ensuring best progress at school

taking an interest in homework tasks and encouraging their child to give their best

accessing Show My Homework regularly, or using the mobile device app, to track the homework being set

provide, as far as possible, a suitable working environment in which homework can be undertaken successfully

negotiating with the student when homework is to be done as a student's free time is important too

checking the time spent on individual tasks

ensuring that outside clubs do not hamper a child's quality of work and put a child under undue pressure

checking presentation and content of all homework being returned to school

providing the school with information about any problems through the school planner or by contacting the school directly

Parents need a PIN to access their child's details on Show My Homework. These have been sent in the post to all parents.

To request a copy of the letter with PIN and login details, please e-mail enquiries@sta.islington.sch.uk giving your child's full name and tutor group.

Learning Apps



Online Learning Apps



Many departments in the school have invested in online learning apps to take advantage of the excellent range of resources available to our students. These are extremely useful to build student's knowledge which can allow them to get ahead, catch up or revise. Some apps enable students to access the course textbook at home (e.g. Kerboodle) which provides a useful resource when completing homework or revising. Others enable students to test themselves on knowledge to build their retention and prepare for assessments.

All Apps can be accessed by going through the Student Hub on the school website.

Go4Schools



Using GO 4 Schools, you will be able to view your child's progress online and access the following information at any time:

- Timetable Your child's daily and weekly timetable
- Attendance Shown from the start of the academic year
- Progress Reports Assessment point reports which are published 2 times a year
- **Behaviour information** A summary of positive and negative events, plus any managed detentions your child has been issued

Your child's page is constantly updated, providing you with the latest information.

You will also have access to this information via a mobile app. Additional help documents for the Mobile App are available to parents and more information can be found at http://www.go4schools.com/MobileApp.aspx.

Accessing your Go 4 Schools Account

To access the site, please go to www.go4schools.com and click on the Parents icon at the top of the main page to arrive at the log-in screen. The email address you use to enter the site must be the one we have registered for you on our school system.

To request a password for GO 4 Schools, please click on the 'First-time User' link shown below.

		GO 4 PARENTS AND GUARDIANS
		Parent home Login
Welcome!		
This is the GO 4 Schools login page for Parents and Guardians In order to login, you will need to use the email address that your child's school holds for you.	Email address: Password:	
If you don't have a password yet, or have forgotten your password, you can request a password reset email using the First-time User? and Forgotten your Password? links.	Sign in	
If you are having problems logging on, please contact your child's school.	First-time User? Forgotten your Password?	

Then enter your email address into the First-time User 'Email address' field and click 'New password'. A randomised password will then be generated and sent to your email address.

First-time User?
If you haven't logged on to GO 4 Parents and Guardians before, type your email address and click the "new password" button. (Please note that you need to provide an email address that has been registered in GO by the school(s) that your child/children attend.)
Email address:
Please note, if you are having problems with your password please contact your child's school. For Data Protection reasons we are unable to divulge or set passwords for parents ourselves.
New password Cancel

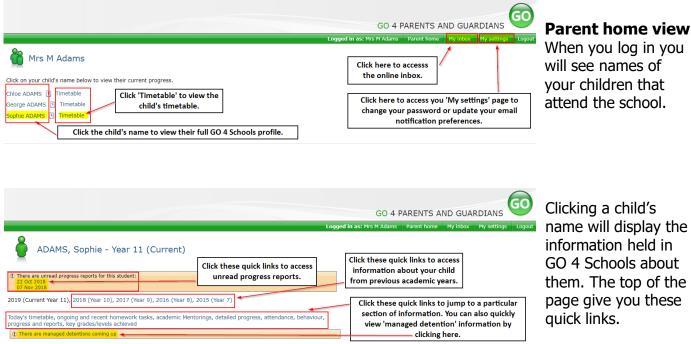
You will then be able to log into the site using your email and generated password then view your child's page using the parent and guardian login page, shown below.

		GO 4 PARENTS AND GUARDIANS
		Parent home L
Welcome!		
This is the GO 4 Schools login page for Parents and Guardians	Email address:	
In order to login, you will need to use the email address that your child's school holds for you.	Password:	
If you don't have a password yet, or have	Remember my email address	
forgotten your password, you can request a password reset email using the First-time User? and Forgotten your Password? links.	Sign in	
If you are having problems logging on,	First-time User?	
	Forgotten your Password?	

Go4Schools



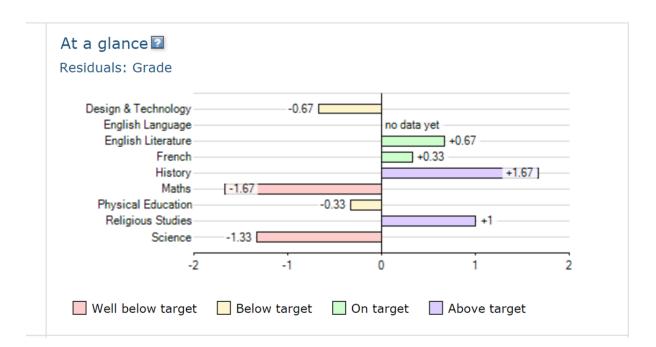
Once logged in, what will you see?



Clicking a child's name will display the information held in GO 4 Schools about them. The top of the page give you these quick links.

At a glance

This is a quick overview of your child's current progress against their target grades for each subject. A value of zero indicates that your child is on target, a negative value indicates below target and a positive value indicates above target



Go4Schools



Attendance Data

This information is always shown up to the previous day. Full attendance information, including weekly attendance figures, can be viewed by clicking the 'view detailed attendance link' shown in the yellow box.

Attendance		
View detailed attendance record		
Attendance	100.00%	
Authorised absences	0	Attendance
Unauthorised absences	0	Authorised absences
Unknown marks	0	Unknown marks
Possible sessions	74	

Detailed Progress

This table shows the current levels in each subject. Also included is the target grade and colour coding to inform of progress.

Subject	Year 7 Baseline	EoY 9 TARGET	Current Grade	Mark sheet summary	
English Language Ms 5 Chambers	102	ЗH	2H (36%)	Assessment Point	2H
English Literature Ms S Chambers	-	зн	2M (33%)	Assessment Point	2M
Geography G Briody	-	зн	3M (42%)	Assessment Point	3M
Graphic Products Mr L Northey	-	ЗH	2H (36%)	Assessment Point	2H
Head of Year Comments Ms A Gamb	-	-	-		
III Maths Ms K Royston	98	3L	1M (24%)	Assessment Point	1M
PE BTEC Mr C Simpson View subject description	-	-	-	Unit 1 (external assessment) Fitness for Sport and Exercise Unit 2 Practical Sports Performance Unit 3 Applying the Principles of Personal Training Unit 6 Leading Sports Activities	-

Behaviour Data

This will give you an overview of positive and negative behaviour pointes.

Attendance	91.91%			
Registration group	10P (Mr A Emsley)			
Positive behaviour points	83			
Negative behaviour points	-9			
More				

View full profile

Daily Timetable

You can click the 'View full timetable' link to view the full week timetable for your child or click for more detailed information on your child's daily timetable including timings and teachers.

Tu 08:50 09:15 10:15 11:20 11:40 12:40 14:20 15:20 Tutorial Mathematics Biology French Geography French French Geography French 11:27<	Θ	C loday's timetable								
	τι	Tutorial 11G/Tu Dr A ARMSBY	Mathematics 11n/Ma1 Mrs T TWEEDIE	Biology 11NT/Bi	11:20	French 11Z/Fr1	Geography 11Y/Gg1	14:20	French 11Z/Fr1	



Progress Reports

This shows grades for your child as they were captured by reports and compares them against current grades. At the bottom of each report column you can access a report by clicking the 'View report' link. You can then also download and print copies of the reports which will be available for the whole of the year.

Subject	07 Nov 2018	14 Dec 2018	19 Jun 2019	Current Gra
English Language	-	-	2H	2H
English Literature	-	2H	-	2M
Geography	-	2L	3M	3M
Graphic Products	-	2L	2H	2H
Maths	-	1L	1M	1M
PE BTEC	-	-	-	-
Physical Education	-	-	-	2H
Religious Studies	-	2H	3M	3M
Science	-	3L	4H	4H
Attendance	100.00%	98.46%	99.08%	99.10%
	View report	View report	View report	

Communication Settings

By clicking on "My settings" it will allow you to set whether you receive email notifications from GO 4 Schools, as well as show you the default setting the school has set.

My settings

· ·	2		
Your logir	n email address is:		
Homew	ork		
The below	v table defines the glob	al school se	ettings and if ar
Scope	Email	Notifi	cation
School	Enabled	Ena	bled
Automati	c daily summaries of h	omework ar	e sent every ev
Automati	e dany sammaries of m	officerorik di	e sene every ev
Scope	Email	No	tification
Default	Enable	Enable	•
Behavio			
The below	v table defines the glob	al school se	ettings and if an
Scope	Email	Notifi	cation
School	Enabled	Ena	bled
Automati	c daily/weekly summar	ies of behav	viour are sent e
Automati	c daily/weekiy summar	les or bena	viour are sent e
Scope	Email	No	tification
Default	Enable	Enable	Ψ.

Behaviour update emails

How often should we send you email updates about behaviour events?

By default (emails will be sent Weekly) **v**

If you do not wish to receive updates about your child's behaviour please contact your child's school.

We will send updates only if new events have been recorded by Demonstration School.

Save

St. Aloysius' College GCSE Revision Guide



Nama	Forme	Data
Name:	FORM:	Date:

Getting started

It can be hard to start revision but, once you find your stride, mastering areas of learning is rewarding and the process can even be fun. The key is sticking to your routine and using effective methods:

- ✓ Sort your space
- ✓ Make a timetable
- ✓ Analyse weaknesses
- ✓ Remember it
- ✓ Test it

1. Sort your space - What will help you focus?

Your study environment can make or break any great revision plan. Get it right and guard it with your life!

- Space clear from distractions or clutter
- Put your phone away given the choice, what will get your attention? Leave it in the cupboard, give it to your parent(s) check it during your break if you must.
- Don't listen to music apparently it just loads up your brain. (No lyrics if you must)
- Resources have them all ready before you begin.



2. Make a timetable - How should I organise my time?

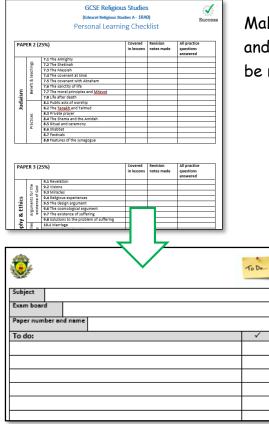
Building a revision timetable adds structure to your revision and helps you identify which GCSE subjects you need to prioritise to get better marks. Creating a revision timetable is a great way to organise your study time, plus it also helps boost your motivation to revise for your exam

- Work out how many revision sessions you have left before your exam and divide them up proportionally between each subject
- Plan all of your time adding in any social events you have planned e.g. Family meal or football training.
- List specific things you will do (from your todo lists) rather than just the subject you will study e.g. *Flash cards on Biology unit 2.1* or *practice paper - Maths paper 2*

	Saturday 13 th June	Sunday 14th June
7.00-8.30	Sleep	RE Unit 7 & 8 Seneca
	Breakfast	
8.30-10.00	Biology - flash cards on unit 2, 3	RE Practice paper - Paper 2
	& 4	
10.00-11.30	Maths - practice paper -	Church
	Calculator	$\mathbf{\nabla} \mathcal{O}_{\mathbf{r}}$
11.30-1.00	Basketball	Church
		Far ily ∟unch
1.00-2.30	Lunch	Fahily Lunch
	Mark Maths calculator paper	
2.30-4.00	Geography Educake - Urit 6 / 3	Music - rehearse exam piece and
	8	complete flashcards on Unit 1 & 2
4.00-5.30	French - Unit 1 & vocab tests	Geography Unit 6,7 & 8 practice
	French practice paper - Reading	paper
5.30-7.00	Physics - flash cards Unit 3 & 4	Jog
	Dinner	Dinner
7.00-8.30	English - mind-maps and poetry	Get someone to test me on flash
	practice questions	cars - Physics, Biology, RE &
		Geography
8.30-10.00	Relax	Relax

Be realistic and stick to your plan!

3. Analyse weaknesses - What do I revise?



Make sure you know exactly what it is you'll be tested on and that you've got the right exam board. You don't want to be revising for questions & topics you'll never be tested on!

- 1. **PLC** Each subject has given you Personal Learning Checklists (PLCs) to help you find out your strengths and weaknesses and where you can make most gains. If you are unsure where these are, ask your teacher on SMHW.
- 2. **RAG** each topic on the PLC based on how confident you are. Be



careful not to overestimate your knowledge on topics you like less or to overestimate how well you know topics you really enjoy.

3. **To-do** Once you identify the key areas, make a to-do list for each subject and then add tasks to your revision timetable.

4. Remember it - How can I improve my memory?

"One of the most striking research findings is the power of active retrieval—testing—to strengthen memory, and that the more effortful the retrieval, the stronger the benefit." (The Science of Successful Learning, Brown, P 2013)



There are lots of different methods for improving your memory. Once you've identified your weakness, commit to re-learning and memorising that content. The key to retaining information is regularly revisiting it - see the 4 top Active Recall study methods below.

5. Test it - Do I really know it?



You'll hopefully be feeling confident by this stage. You've gone back over your PLC and are feeling confident on this unit. However, do you really know what you think you do in a test situation? There are a huge range of practice exam activities on SMHW. Past papers and consolidation tests. Review your learning and go back over the process above. These will be available to you on SMHW. If not, just ask your teacher!

Practice papers



Mark schemes



Examiners reports

What are the most effective revision methods?

So you've got this far - you've sorted your space, planned your time out and identified the areas you need to revise in each subject. The last thing you want to do now, is adopt revision methods that are ineffective. Put simply, many of the favourite revision methods just do not work.

Dunlosky et al (2013) did a study which showed that some of the most common revision techniques are highly ineffective. They may feel like they're working there and then but the evidence showed that they do not help us to remember as well as those strategies which support long-term memorisation. What the studies conclude is that **active recall** is the most effective form of revision.

Technique	What it involves	Effectiveness
Practice testing	Self-testing to test knowledge: E.g. Flash cards, quizzing apps, past-exam questions	HIGH
Spaced repetition	Spreading out and returning to topics regularly over time i.e. Regular revision / Spaced timetabling	HIGH
Elaborative interrogation	Thinking about 'why' you have answered a question or creating an explanation for a response	MODERATE
Self-explanation	Explaining how new information is related to known information, or explaining how a problem was solved. E.g. mind-mapping	MODERATE
Interleaved practice	Switching between different kinds of problems	MODERATE
Summarising	Writing summaries of concepts/texts	LOW
Keyword mnemonic	Choosing a word or story to associate with information	LOW
Highlighting	Marking potential important portions of to-be-learned materials while reading	LOW
Imagery	Forming mental pictures while reading or listening	LOW
Re-reading	Going over material you've read before	LOW

Effectiveness of study techniques adapted from Dunlosky et al (2013) pg 6

A matter of the correct way to ensure efficients This brocket on be very complex. This brocket on observery complex the brocket on observery complex the consolution scheduling and product the consolution conduction process sensed the consolution can lead them out By protion of short of short of the consolution of the matter on a delivery promise can be metter on a delivery promise can be delivery. The sense of the matured, therefore a someone geared to the imp product and to the imp product and to the imp product and to the imp

Questions What is a sacrament? Answers 1. Outward sign of inward 2.1 Which 2.1 1. 2. body i grace 2. Eucharist receiv Which 3. Baptism 4. Reconciliation symbo sin? Which 4.

Highlighting vs Flash Cards – and the winner is...

Top 4 Active Recall Study methods

1. Quizzing

Self-testing is proven to be a highly effective revision strategy which allows you to improve your memory. Each subject has a chosen quizzing app access can be found on the Student Hub.

Make it work by: Revisit the topics you perform least well on more frequently (Some apps do this automatically)

Recommended for: All subjects

2. Flashcards

Flashcards are the ultimate form of active recall and if used well involves the most effective revision strategies: spaced repetition, elaborative interrogation and practice-testing.

Make it work by: Writing notes as Q & A. (Use flashcard apps like Anki or Quizlet to make your own)

Recommended for: MFL, History, RE, Geography, Science, Maths

3. Mind-maps

If you find it difficult to remember tons of new study notes, Mind Maps may be the key to improving your memory. The theory behind mind mapping explains that making associations by connecting ideas helps you to memorise information easier and quicker.

Make it work by: Making connections between ideas

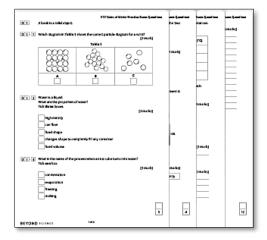
Recommended for: English, History, RE, Geography, Science

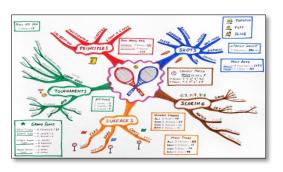
4. Practice questions

One of the biggest recommendations that past GCSE students recommend is to do as many GCSE past papers as you can. Practising past papers will help you get familiar with the exam format, question style, time pressure and overall improve your ability to retrieve information guicker

Make it work by: Learning a topic thoroughly first and then once complete use the mark scheme to check your answers and build confidence.

Recommended for: A must for all subjects with written exams!









1. Plan ahead and start early to avoid freaking out



Start early to avoid cramming later. Once you've got you exam dates work

backwards to plan your revision well ahead of time. The longer you give yourself the less pressure you'll be under throughout the exams and you'll have time to focus, get help and go over all you need to know. Remember with most of the examinations at the end of the course, students will need to constantly revisit material and not rely on 'cramming' at the end.

2. Take Regular Study Breaks

Do you feel stressed, tired and that no new information is entering your head? There is no point forcing yourself to study for hours upon hours as this will not result in a positive outcome. Taking regular study breaks and exercising is proven to engage your brain in studying and improve your exam performance in the long-run.

3. Adapt for Different GCSE Subjects

It may seem obvious but many students try to study for different subjects using the same study methods. Your GCSE revision should take account of the difference between your subjects and the challenges they represent. For example, Flashcards are an ideal study aid to help you prepare for a Spanish, French, German and exam such as GCSE Science where you need to remember key definitions. An Online Quiz is a great way to test your GCSE Maths skills while you would highly benefit from using a Note to study English

4. Involve friends or family

Teaching others is perhaps one of the best ways to actually revise and learn yourself. Get with a group of friends and see who needs help on what topics and teach each other or as a group. You can also grab a friend or family member who doesn't do your course and ask them to quiz you using your flashcards.

5. Watch some videos

If you are struggling to understand a particular topic, don't just keep reading your notes or revision books, get interactive by watching videos too. There are many good revision YouTube channels dedicated to revision notes on your course!

6. Prioritise

Organise your revision time so that you focus more on your troublesome topics and tough subjects. You don't need to waste time going over areas that you already know inside out.

7. Reward yourself

Cross off your revision sessions on your timetable/to-do list. Reviewing your progress at the end of each day gives you a real sense of satisfaction. Show your completed work to your parent(s).

8. Managing your wellbeing during revision

- Nutrition & hydration Eat & drink healthily = think clearly
- Fresh air & exercise proven to boost concentration and reduce stress
- Sleep when we're sleep deprived we make more mistakes, find it harder to concentrate and get stressed more easily.

St Aloysius' College



Hornsey Lane, London, N6 5LY 0207 561 7800 f StAloysiusC